INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF BOUGAINVILLEA PROPERTIES PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Ind AS standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of **Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited** (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. (Hereinafter referred to as "Ind AS financial statements").
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023 give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the company as at 31st March, 2023, of profit earned, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion:

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

4. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The board report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. When we read the report containing other information if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements:

- 5. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 6. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 7. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements:

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 9. A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is as follows:
- A. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
- (i) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (ii) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- (iii) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- (iv) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report.

However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- (v) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- B. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- C. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements:

- 10. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extend applicable.
- 11. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (Including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

- e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2023 taken on record by the board of directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31st March, 2023 from being appointed as directors in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financials controls with reference to financial statements.
- g) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under section 197(16):In our opinion and according to the information & explanation given to us, the company has not paid managerial remuneration during the year ended Mar31, 2023 and accordingly the limits for payment of managerial remuneration under Sec 197 of the Act are not applicable.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii. The Company did not have long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

iv.

A. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- B. The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries, and
- C. Based on such audit procedures that the auditor has considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to the notice that has caused them to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material misstatement.
- During the year, the company neither declared nor paid any dividend. Hence v. reporting on compliance with provisions of section 123 of the Act does not arise.
- vi. Proviso to rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail(edit log) facility is applicable to the company with effect from April 1,2023 and accordingly reporting under Rule 11(g) of companies (Audit and Auditors) Rule, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31,2023

PLACE: BANGALORE

DATE: April 27, 2023

FOR GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR **Chartered Accountants**

> BRAHMAVA Digitally signed by BRAHMAVAR GIRISH RAO

R GIRISH

Date: 2023.04.27 RAO 21:19:50 +05'30'

Girish Rao B Partner.

Membership No: 085745

FRN No.000934S

UDIN: 23085745BGYILP8408

Chartered Accountants

"Annexure A" to the Independent Auditor's Report referred to in clause 1 of paragraph on the 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date to the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2023:

Re: Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited

I.

- a. Based on Verification of books of accounts of the company, the company does not have any assets under the head Property Plant and Equipment and as such reporting requirements under this head is not applicable
- b. Based on Verification of books of accounts of the company, no Intangible Assets are held during the year.
- c. The reporting requirements of Physical verification under this clause is not applicable as the company is holding only land at the year end
- d. Based on Verification of books of accounts of the company, We are of the opinion that all the title deeds of the immovable properties disclosed in the financial statements are in the name of the company
- e. As the company does not have any asset under the head Property Plant & Equipment the reporting requirement of revaluation does not arise
- f. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, we have not noticed any proceedings initiated against the company or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the benami transaction (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (450 of 1988) and rules made there under.

II

a The nature of companies operation does not warrant holding of any stocks. Accordingly paragraph 3 (ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

b The reporting requirements under this sub clause is not applicable as the company is not been sanctioned with working capital limits from banks or Financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets in excess of five crores at any point during the year.

III Based on the verification of books of accounts, we have noticed that the company has made a long investments in one of its co-subsidiaries which are not prima facie, prejudicial to the interest of the company as mentioned in notes to account no 5 and not, Provided any guarantee or Security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year The details of the same are given below:

Particulars	Investment in co-
	subsidiary Rs
Aggregate amount	Nil
during the year	
Balance amount at year	11,99,99,000
end -	

IV In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us the company has not granted any loan, made any investments, gave any guarantee or provided security in connection with a loan to any other body corporate or person in contravention of section 185 and 186 of the Companies A ct,2013.

Chartered Accountants

V According to the information and explanation given to us the company has not accepted deposits from the public during the year and as such this clause is not applicable.

- VI According to the information and explanation given to us the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the activities carried out by the Company, and hence this clause is not applicable.
- VII a. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in payment of undisputed statutory dues including income tax, Goods and service tax, Professional tax and cess as applicable with appropriate authorities. We are informed by the company that the provisions of Provident Fund Act, Employee state insurance scheme, duty of customs, are not applicable.
 - b. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us there are no disputed amounts payable in respect of income tax, Goods and service tax, Professional tax and cess as applicable as at 31st March 2023. We are informed by the company that the provisions of Provident Fund Act, Employee state insurance scheme, duty of customs, are not applicable.
- VIII According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us We have not come across any instances of any transactions not recorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the income tax act,1961 (43 of 1961).
- IX a Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, the company has not defaulted in repayments of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest during the year.
 - b Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, the company has not been declared as willful defaulter by banks or financial institutions or other lenders.
 - c Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, the company has applied the term loans for the purpose for which it is taken
 - d Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, the funds raised on short term basis have not been utilized for long term purposes .
 - e Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet obligation of its subsidiaries or its associates or joint ventures.
 - f Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, the company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, Joint ventures and associate companies.

Chartered Accountants

X a The company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (Including debt instrument) during the year. Accordingly reporting requirements under this paragraph of the order is not applicable.

b Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, the company has not made any prudential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully an partially or optionally convertible) during the year

XI a During the course of examination of the books and records of the company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have not come across any instance of fraud by the company or on the company by its officers or employees of the company during the year.

b Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, we have not come across any report under sub section (12) of section 143 of the companies act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT -4 as prescribed under rule 13 of companies (Audit & Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the central government

c Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, We have not come across any instances of whistle blower complaints during the year.

XII In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, reporting requirements under this paragraph of the order is not applicable.

XIII According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that all the transaction with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act.2013 and the details of the transactions have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as per applicable accounting Standards.

XIV In our opinion and based on our examination, the company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have internal audit system as per the provisions of companies act. As such reporting requirement is not applicable under this clause

XV According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that the company has not entered into Non cash transactions with the directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, reporting requirements under this paragraph of the order is not applicable.

XVI a According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that that the Company is not required to be Registered under Section 45 -IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

b According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that that the Company has not conducted any Non banking financial or housing financial activities without valid certificate of Registration from Reserve bank of india as Reserve bank of India act,1934

Chartered Accountants

c According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that that the Company is not a core investment company as defined in the regulations made by the reserve bank of India. Accordingly, reporting requirements under this paragraph of the order is not applicable.

d According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that there no core investment companies in the group

XVII Based on the review of audited financial statements, the company has incurred cash loss of Rs 39,476/ during the year and not incurred a cash loss in the immediately preceding financial year.

XVIII During this year no other statutory auditors have resigned and as such reporting requirements under this paragraph is not applicable.

XIX On the basis of financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the board of directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of audit report the company is capable of meetings its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet date as and when they fall due with in a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

XX According to the information and explanations given to us, The Company does not fulfill the criteria as specified under section 135(1) of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and according, reporting under clause (xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

XXI Reporting under clause xxi is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

PLACE: BANGALORE

DATE: 27th April 2023

FOR GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR Chartered Accountants

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Date: 2023.04.27
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Girish Rao B Partner.

Membership No: 085745

FRN:000934S

UDIN: 23085745BGYILP8408

Annexure B to Auditors' Report of even date

Report on the Internal Controls on Financial Controls under clause (i) of sub-section (3) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Re: Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR Chartered Accountants

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

PLACE: BANGALORE

DATE: April 27, 2023

FOR GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR Chartered Accountants

BRAHMAVAR BRAHMAVAR GIRISH RAO

GIRISH RAO

Date: 2023.04.27
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Girish Rao B Partner.

Membership No: 085745

FRN No.000934S

UDIN: 23085745BGYILP8408

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Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations before tax expenses Tax expenses of discontinued operations (a) Current tax (b) Deferred tax Profit/(loss) after tax from discontinued operations (8 ± 9) Profit/(loss) after tax for respective periods (7 + 10) Other Comprehensive Income (A) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Total other comprehensive income, net of tax for the respective periods Total comprehensive income for the respective periods Total comprehensive income for the respective periods Earnings per equity share i) Basic & diluted EPS Only Only	В	Discontinued Operations					
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Profit/(loss) after tax from discontinued operations (8 ± 9) Profit/(loss) after tax for respective periods (7 + 10) Other Comprehensive Income (A) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Total other comprehensive income, net of tax for the respective periods Total comprehensive income for the respective periods (11 ± 13) [comprising Profit (loss) and Other comprehensive income (net of tax) for the respective periods] Earnings per equity share i) Basic & diluted EPS (0.01) (0.01) (4.97)			_	_	1-		
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Other Comprehensive Income (A) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (B) (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Total other comprehensive income, net of tax for the respective periods Total comprehensive income for the respective periods (11 ± 13) [comprising Profit (loss) and Other comprehensive income (net of tax) for the respective periods] Earnings per equity share i) Basic & diluted EPS (0.01) (0.01) 64.97 (0.04)	10		N/ 	-	-	-	
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(A) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (B) (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Total other comprehensive income, net of tax for the respective periods Total comprehensive income for the respective periods (11 ± 13) [comprising Profit (loss) and Other comprehensive income (net of tax) for the respective periods] Earnings per equity share i) Basic & diluted EPS (0.01) (0.01) (0.01)	12	Other Comprehensive Income					
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (B) (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Total other comprehensive income, net of tax for the respective periods Total comprehensive income for the respective periods (11 ± 13) [comprising Profit (loss) and Other comprehensive income (net of tax) for the respective periods] Earnings per equity share i) Basic & diluted EPS (0.01) (0.01) 64.97 (0.04)		(A) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	0.50		
(B) (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Total other comprehensive income, net of tax for the respective periods Total comprehensive income for the respective periods (11 ± 13) [comprising Profit (loss) and Other comprehensive income (net of tax) for the respective periods] Earnings per equity share i) Basic & diluted EPS (0.01) (0.01) 64.97 (0.04)		(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	38.0		0.70	-	
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Total other comprehensive income, net of tax for the respective periods Total comprehensive income for the respective periods (11 ± 13) (12) (8) 64,974 (39) [comprising Profit (loss) and Other comprehensive income (net of tax) for the respective periods] Earnings per equity share i) Basic & diluted EPS (0.01) (0.01) 64.97 (0.04)		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O					
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax for the respective periods Total comprehensive income for the respective periods (11 ± 13) [comprising Profit (loss) and Other comprehensive income (net of tax) for the respective periods] Earnings per equity share i) Basic & diluted EPS (0.01) Total other comprehensive income, net of tax for the respective periods (12) (8) (4.974 (39) (4.97) (0.04)			_	(<u>4</u>)	12	-	
Total comprehensive income, net of tax for the respective periods Total comprehensive income for the respective periods (11 ± 13) (12) (8) 64,974 (39) [comprising Profit (loss) and Other comprehensive income (net of tax) for the respective periods] Earnings per equity share i) Basic & diluted EPS (0.01) (0.01) 64.97 (0.04)		1.3654-0-000-0-000-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0	170				
[comprising Profit (loss) and Other comprehensive income (net of tax) for the respective periods] 15 Earnings per equity share i) Basic & diluted EPS (0.01) (0.01) 64.97 (0.04)	13	D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	_				
i) Basic & diluted EPS (0.01) (0.01) 64.97 (0.04)	14	[comprising Profit (loss) and Other comprehensive income (net of tax) for	(12)	(8)	64,974	(39)	105
i) Basic & diluted EPS (0.01) (0.01) 64.97 (0.04)	15	Earnings per equity share				(E)	9800
			(0.01)	J (0.01)	64.97	(0.04)	10
ii) Basic & diluted EPS from continuing operations (0.01) (0.01) 64.97 (0.04)		i) Basic & diluted EPS	(0.01)	(0.01,	3		2000
iii) Basic & diluted EPS from discontinued operations		i) Basic & diluted EPS ii) Basic & diluted EPS from continuing operations				(0.04)	10

The figures of the quarter ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 are the balancing figures between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year and the Note 1: unaudited year to date figures upto the third quarter of the relevant financial years.

For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants

4502,

High Point IV 45, Palace Road,

B. Girish Rao

Partner

Membership No: 85745

Place: Hosur Date: 27th April'2023 For and on behalf of the board of directors of Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited

Purnachandra Rao G

Director DIN: 01691531

K L Krishna Kumar

Director DIN: 08206490



Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited Statement of standalone assets and liabilities

(Amount in Thousands)

D 4.1	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Particulars	(Audited)	(Audited)
1 ASSETS		
a) Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	÷ .	-
Investment property	0	(
Financial assets	east the constant	1000 1000 1000 1000
Investment in fellow subsidaries, associate and a joint venture	119,999	119,999
Non-current tax assets (net)	0	-
Other non-current assets	110,000	- 110.000
	119,999	119,999
b) Current assets		
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	52	84
Other financial assets	1	
Current tax assets (net)	-	-
Other current assets	15	
	69	8.
	222	
c) Assets classified as held for disposal	120,068	120,08
TOTAL ASSETS (a+b+	120,008	120,08
2 EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
a) Equity	1	
Equity share capital	10,000	10,00
Other equity	109,977	109,99
Total equity	119,977	119,99
b) Non-current liabilities		
Financial liabilities	1	
Borrowings	62	-
Other non-current liabilities	-	-
	62	-
c) Current liabilities		
Financial liabilities	1	
Borrowings		
Trade payables		
Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises	-21	_
Due to others	29	
Other financial liabilities		-
Other current liabilities		
Current tax liabilities (net)	1=	-
Carrant mis micriman (mas)	29	8
TOTAL FOURTY AND LIABILITIES (alb.)	c) 120,068	120,08
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (a+b+	120,008	120,00

Remove if not relevant for your entity As per our report of even date

> High Point IV 45, Palace Road,

For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 000934S

B. Girish Rao

Partner

Membership No: 85745

Place: Hosur

Date: 27th April'2023

For and on behalf of the board of directors of Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited

Purnachandra Rao G Director

DIN: 01691531

K L Krishna Kumar Director



Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited

CIN: U45201TZ2008PTC021770

Balance Sheet As at March 31, 2023		As at	ount in Thousands) As at
	Notes	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Assets			
Non- current assets			
Investment property	3	0.00	0.00
Financial assets			
Investment in fellow subsidaries, associate and a joint ventu	5	119,999	119,999
Other financials assets	4	-	-
Non-current tax assets (net)		0.07	· -
Other non-current assets	6	-	-
		119,999	119,999
Current assets			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	52	84
Other financials assets	4	1	0
Other current assets	6	15	1
		69	85
Assets classified as held for disposal		S=	_
Total assets		120,068	120,084
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Equity share capital	8	10,000	10,000
Other equity	9	109,977	109,998
Total equity		119,977	119,998
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	10	62	-
		62	2
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Trade payables to MSME	11	8=	-
Trade payables to other than MSME	11	29	86
Current tax liabilities (net)			
		29	86
Total liabilities		91	86
Total equity and liabilities		120,068	120,084
Corporate information about the Company	1	****	
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		

Summary of significant accounting policies The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statem 3-28 As per our report of even date

> 4502, High Point IV

45, Palace Road

Bangalore-1

For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 000934S

B. Girish Rao

Partner

Membership No: 85745

Place: Hosur

Date: 27th April'2023

For and on behalf of the board of directors of Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited

Purnachandra Rao G

Director

DIN: 01691531

K L Krishna Kumar

Director



Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited

CIN: U45201TZ2008PTC021770

Statement of Profit and loss for the Year Ended March 31, 2023		Year Ended	unt in Thousands) Year Ended
	Notes		31-Mar-22
		31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Continuing Operations			
Income			106250
Other income		1	106,352
Total income		1	106,352
Expenses		Service designation	
Finance cost	13	0.02	•)
Other expenses	14	41	753
Total expenses	-	41	753
Profit / (loss) before tax from continuing operations		(39)	105,599
Current tax		-	-
Adjustments of tax relating to earlier periods		3 4	5
Deferred tax charge/ (credit)			-
(Loss) / profit for the year	-	(39)	105,595
Net other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss	-		
in subsequent periods) -	
Net other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or			8600
loss in subsequent periods			_
Total comprehensive income for the year		(39)	105,595
Earnings per equity share (Rs.) from continuing operations	16	(0.04)	105.59
Basic, computed on the basis of profit from continuing operations			
attributable to equity holders of the parent (per equity share of Rs.10 each)			
Earnings per equity share (Rs.) from continuing operations	16	(0.04)	105.59
Diluted, computed on the basis of profit attributable to equity holders of			
the parent (per equity share of Rs.10 each)			
Corporate information about the Company	1		
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		
The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements	3-28		

As per our report of even date

For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 000934S

4502, High Point IV

45, Palace Road,

B. Girish Rao

Partner

Membership No: 85745

Place: Hosur

Date: 27th April'2023

For and on behalf of the board of directors Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited

Purnachandra Rao G

Director

DIN: 01691531

K L Krishna Kumar

Director



Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited Statement of changes in equity for the Year Ended March 31, 2023

(Amount in Thousands)

	Att			
Particulars	Equity Share Capital	Equity Component of Debentures /Loan	Retained earnings	Total Equity
For the Period ended March 31, 2023				
As at April 01,2022	10,000	-	109,998	119,998
Changes in equity due to prior period errors	-		-	_
Restated balance as at 01-Apr'2022	10,000	-	109,998	119,998
Profit /(loss) for the year	-	14	(39)	(39)
Total comprehensive income	10,000	n-	109,959	119,959
Movement during the year		18	-	18
As at March 31, 2023	10,000	18	109,959	119,977

For the Year ended March 31, 2022				
As at April 01,2021	10,000	-	4,404	14,404
Changes in equity due to prior period errors	-	-	-	
Restated balance as at 01-Apr'2021	10,000	-	4,404	14,404
Profit /(loss) for the year	-	-	105,595	105,595
Total comprehensive income	10,000	-	109,998	119,998
Movement during the year	-	=	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	10,000	-	109,998	119,998

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

4502, High Point IV 45, Palace Road

Bangalore-1

As per our report of even date

For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 000934S

B. Girlsh Rao

Partner

Membership No: 85745

Place: Hosur

Date: 27th April'2023

For and on behalf of the board of directors Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited

Purnachandra Rao G

Director

DIN: 01691531

K L Krishna Kumar

Director

Cash now statement for the real Ended March 51, 2025	(Amo	ount in Thousands)
	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Cash flow from operating activities Profit before tax from continuing operations	(39)	105,599
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:	(05)	200,077
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Gain/ (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment and assest held for sale	, <u>-</u>	(106,352)
Finance income (including fair value change in financial instruments)	(1)	(0.27)
Finance costs (including fair value change in financial instruments)	0.02	
Bad debts/ advances written off and provided for	-	-
Liabilities/ provisions no longer required written back	-	=
Working capital adjustments:		
(Increase)/ decrease in short term loans and advances	1 <u>=</u> 1	_
(Increase)/ decrease in other financial and non-financial assets	(1)	(0.27)
Increase/ (decrease) in other current assets	(15)	508
Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables and other financial liabilities		
Increase/ (decrease) in provisions		<u> </u>
Increase/ (decrease) in Trade payables	(57)	62
Increase/ (decrease) in other current liabilities	-	(1,183)
Increase/ (decrease) in other non-financial liabilities	-	-
melease/ (decrease) in other non-maneral nationals	(113)	(1,366)
Income tax paid (net of refund)	(0)	(5)
Net cash flows from/ (used in) operating activities (A)	(113)	(1,371)
Purchase of Investment property, plant and equipment (including capital work- in-progress and capital advances) Proceeds from sale of Investment property, plant and equipment and Asset held for sale (Increase)/ decrease in Long term investments Interest received	- - 1	158,011 (119,999) 0.27
Net cash flow from/ (used in) investing activities (B)	1	38,012
Financing activities	80	(36,622)
Proceeds from borrowings	80	(30,022,
Proceeds from issue of equity share capital		
Payment of finance lease liabilities		20
Interest paid (gross)	80	(36,622)
Net cash flows from/ (used in) financing activities (C)	00	(30,022
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(32)	19
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	84	65
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	52	84
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Components of Cash and Cash equivalents Cash on hand	2	1
Balances with scheduled banks:	357	
In current accounts	49	83
In deposit accounts	-	
Total cash and cash equivalents (note 7)	52	84

Corporate information about the Company Summary of significant accounting policies
The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements. 3-28

RTHY&

4502, High Point IV

45, Palace Road,

Bangalore-1

As per our report of even date

For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 000934S

B. Girish Rao

Partner Membership No: 85745

Place: Hosur

Date: 27th April'2023

For and on behalf of the board of directors Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited

Purnachandra Rao G

Director

DIN: 01691531

K L Krishna Kumar

Director

Investment property			(Amour	nt in Thousands)
Particulars	Freehold land	Buildings	Plant and machinery	Total
Cost				58
At April 1,2021	58	-	1.50	38
Expenses capitalised during the year	5.			-
Additions	2			Ø# (3
Disposals				(50)
Assets-Held for Sale	(58)			(58)
At March 31, 2022	0		1/4/	0
Additions				350
Disposals	=			-
Assets-Held for Sale				
At March 31, 2023	0			0
Net Book value				
At March 31, 2023	0		-	0
At March 31, 2022	0	-	-	0
At April 1,2021	58			58
			(Amou	nt in Thousands)
Information regarding income and expenditure of Investment property			31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Rental income derived from investment properties			141	
Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) generating rental income			_	_
Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) that did not generate rental income			7±3	-
Profit arising from investment properties before depreciation and indirect expenses			-	-
			-	-
Less - Depreciation			7/ 3 /2	-
Profit arising from investment properties before indirect expenses		_		

Notes:
As at 31st March, 2023, the fair value of the investment property Rs zero Crores (March 31,2022: zero Crores). The fair value is based on accredited independent valuer.

Description of valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation on investment properties:

Investment Properties Valuation technique Significan		Range (weighter	d average)
		31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Not applicable	Nill	-	-
	·		Valuation (echnique Significant unobservable inputs 31-Mar-23

4 Other financials assets			(Amour	nt in Thousands)
VIII. Augustus 6.340	Non-cur	Non-current		
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Interest receivable from group companies	9 - 1		<u> </u>	9
Interest accrued on long term investments			1	0.27
Non trade receivable from related parties -unsecured considered good		A (*)		-
#18-00 to #458-00-00 to \$40-00 (40-00) (40-00 (40-00 (40-00 (40-00 (40-00 (40-00 (40-00 (40-00 (40-00) (40-00 (40-00 (40-00 (40-00 (40-00 (40-00 (40-00 (40-00 (40-00) (40-00 (40-00 (40-00 (40-00 (40-00 (40-00) (40-00 (40-00) (40-00) (40-00 (40-00) (40-00	-	-	1	0.27





5 Investment in Fellow subsidiaries, associates and joint venture			(Amou	nt in Thousands)
INVESTINENT III. FERIOW SUDSTOURITIES, ASSOCIATES AIRC JOHN VERTOLE	No.	n-current	Cu	rrent
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Investment in debentures-Fellow subsidiary company	119,999	119,999	-	2
	119,999	119,999	<u> </u>	

During the FY2021-22, the company has invested in 119,99,900 Unsecured Compulsory convertible Debentures (CCDs) of GMR Aero Structure Services Limited (GASL) at a face value of Rs 10 each fully paid-up with coupon rate @ 0.001% per annum. The CCDs are compulsorily convertible into Equity shares of the Issuer at the face value after 10 years from the date of the allotment. As on 31st March 23 the closing balance of CCDs are Rs.11,99,99,000.

6 Other Current Assets			(Amour	nt in Thousands)
Other Current Assets	Non-cur	rent	Cui	rrent
Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
The state of a community authorities	_		15	1
Balances with statutory/government authorities			15	1
7 Cash and cash equivalents	***************************************		(Amour	nt in Thousands)
Cash and cash equivarians	Non-cur	rent	Cu	rrent
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Balances with banks:				
- On current accounts	₹:	959	49	83
- Deposits with less than three months maturity	2	-	-	7
Cash on hand	5	33 7 3	2	
Total			52	84
For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:			(Amou	nt in Thousands)
For the purpose of the statement of cash hows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the statement of cash hows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the statement of cash hows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the statement of cash hows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the statement of cash hows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the statement of cash hows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the statement of cash hows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the statement of cash equivalents.			31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Balances with banks:				
- On current accounts			49	83
- On current accounts - Deposits with less than three months maturity				-
Cash on hand			2	1
Less : Bank overdrafts		700	929	143
LCSS . Dank Overlands		-	52	84





Share Capital			31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
			31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2
Authorised shares				
0,00,000 (March 31, 2022: 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each			10,000	10,000
(ssued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares				
10,00,000 (March 31, 2022: 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each			10,000	10,000
10,00,000 (Mater 31, 2022. 10,00,000) equity shares of its. 10 even		-	10,000	10,000
a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year				
	31-Mar-23		31-Mar-22	
	No of Shares in	(Amount in	No of Shares in	(Amount in
	Units	Thousands)	Units	Thousands)
Equity shares			1 000 000	10.00
At the beginning of the year	1,000,000	10,000	1,000,000	10,00
ssued during the year	72	() - 1		-
Outstanding at the end of the year				
and definition above the state of the state	1,000,000	10,000	1,000,000	10,00
b) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares				
The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share.				
Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend i	in Indian punees. The divid	end proposed by	the Board of Director	rs is subject to th
Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in	nrangan rupces. The dividend	namble to the sl	archolders	
approval of the shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting. During the year, the Company has not	proposed for any dividend	payable to the si	latenoiders.	
		. A	af all professitial an	nunts The
In event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares would be entitled to receive remaini	ng assets of the Company,	atter distribution	of all preferential an	oums. The
distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.				
(A) Share held by helding fultimete helding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates				
(c) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates	mnany and their subsidiarie	s/associates are	as below:	
(c) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding cor	mpany and their subsidiario	s/associates are	as below:	nt in Thousands
(c) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding cor	mpany and their subsidiario	s/associates are a	as below: (Amou: 31-Mar-23	
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding con	mpany and their subsidiarie	s/associates are	(Amou	
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding con	mpany and their subsidiario	es/associates are a	(Amou	
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding con GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd)and its nominees, the immediate holding	mpany and their subsidiarie	es/associates are a	(Amou 31-Mar-23	31-Mar-
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding con GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd)and its nominees, the immediate holding	mpany and their subsidiarid	es/associates are a	(Amou	31-Mar-
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding con GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd)and its nominees, the immediate holding 10,00,000 (March 2022: 10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up	mpany and their subsidiario	es/associates are a	(Amou 31-Mar-23	31-Mar-
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding con GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd)and its nominees, the immediate holding 10,00,000 (March 2022: 10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up	mpany and their subsidiario	es/associates are a	(Amou 31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding congains, and the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding CMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding 10,00,000 (March 2022: 10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company	31-Mar-23		(Amou 31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22	31-Mar-2
(c) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding cor GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding 10,00,000 (March 2022: 10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company Name of sharcholder	31-Mar-23 No of Shares in	s/associates are :	(Amou 31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22 No of Shares in	nt in Thousands 31-Mar-2 10,00 % holding
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding congains of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding COMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding 10,00,000 (March 2022: 10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up (t) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company	31-Mar-23		(Amou 31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22	31-Mar-2
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding con GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding [10,00,000 (March 2022: 10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company	31-Mar-23 No of Shares in		(Amou 31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22 No of Shares in	31-Mar-
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding congany. GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding 10,00,000 (March 2022: 10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company Name of sharcholder Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up	31-Mar-23 No of Shares in		31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22 No of Shares in Units	31-Mar-2 10,00 % holding
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding con GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd)and its nominees, the immediate holding 10,00,000 (March 2022: 10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company Name of shareholder Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port	31-Mar-23 No of Shares in		(Amou 31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22 No of Shares in	31-Mar-2 10,00 % holding
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding congains of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding Company Port Holding Pvt Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding 10,00,000 (March 2022: 10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company Name of shareholder Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding company.	31-Mar-23 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000	% holding	31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22 No of Shares in Units	31-Mar-: 10,00 % holding
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding company.ultimate holding company.shares for the equity shares is the company of the company. Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations.	31-Mar-23 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000	% holding	31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22 No of Shares in Units	31-Mar-: 10,00 % holding
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding company. Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company. Out of the equity shares of Rs. 2 & Port Holding Pvt Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding 10,00,000 (March 2022: 10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company Name of shareholder Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declara shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.	31-Mar-23 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000	% holding	31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000 ceneficial interest, the	31-Mnr-2 10,00 % holding 100.00
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding company. The company of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company. The company its nominees, the immediate holding 10,00,000 (March 2022: 10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company Name of shareholder Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declara shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.	31-Mar-23 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000	% holding	31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000 ceneficial interest, the	31-Mar-2 10,00 % holding 100.00 above
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding company. The company of the equity shares is sued by the company, shares held by its holding company. The company including Pvt Ltd and its nominees, the immediate holding [0,00,000 (March 2022: 10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company Name of shareholder Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd and its nominees, the immediate holding company. Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declara shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares. Other equity	31-Mar-23 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000	% holding	31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000 Deneficial interest, the	31-Mar-: 10,00 % holding 100.00 above
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding company. GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding 10,00,000 (March 2022: 10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up (t) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company Name of shareholder Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declara shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares. Other equity Equity Component of Loan taken	31-Mar-23 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000	% holding	31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000 Deneficial interest, the	31-Mar-: 10,00 % holding 100.00 above
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding company. The company of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company. The company is shareholding Pvt Ltd and its nominees, the immediate holding [10,00,000 (March 2022: 10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company Name of shareholder Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd and its nominees, the immediate holding company. Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declara shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares. Other equity Equity Component of Loan taken Balance at the beginning of the year	31-Mar-23 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000	% holding	31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000 Deneficial interest, the	31-Mar- 10,00 % holding 100.00 above
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding company. GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding 10,00,000 (March 2022: 10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company Name of shareholder Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declara shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares. Other equity Equity Component of Loan taken Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year	31-Mar-23 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000	% holding	31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000 Deneficial interest, the	31-Mar- 10,00 % holding 100.00 above
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding company. The company of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company. The company of the company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarate shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares. Other equity Equity Component of Loan taken Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Closing balance	31-Mar-23 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000	% holding	31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000 peneficial interest, the	31-Mar- 10,00 % holding 100.00 above
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding company. The company of the equity Shares is the company of the company	31-Mar-23 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000	% holding	(Amou 31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000 beneficial interest, the (Amou 31-Mar-23	31-Mar 10,00 % holding 100.00 above
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding company.ultimate holding company.shares is holding company.ultimate holding Company of Company of Company is a company of Company of Company of Company of Shareholder holding company. Name of shareholder Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Devi Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declara shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares. Other equity Equity Component of Loan taken Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Closing balance Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the year	31-Mar-23 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000	% holding	(Amou 31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2 10,00 % holding 100.00 above unt in Thousance 31-Mar-
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding company. The company of the equity shares is sued by the company, shares held by its holding company. The company is a company of the company of t	31-Mar-23 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000	% holding	(Amou 31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar-22 No of Shares in Units 1,000,000 beneficial interest, the (Amou 31-Mar-23	31-Mar 10,00 % holding 100.00 above



Total other equity



109,977

109,998

10 Long-term Borrowings

				(Amoun	t in Thousands)
	No	on-current		Cu	rrent
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22		31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Other loans and advances					
Loans from other related parties (unsecured)	62	-		¥	-
Inter-corporate Deposit	*	(=)		7	
inter-corporate Deposit	62	-		¥	-
The above amount includes					
Secured borrowings	12	320		8	100
Unsecured borrowings	62	(#)			-
The first of the f	62		-	-	-

During this FY2022-23, the company has taken long term loan of Rs 80,000 for a period of 2 years at the interest rate @0% from GSPHL and the company has done the fair valuation as per IND AS requirement. As on 31st March'23, outstanding Loan amount is Rs 61,723.

11 Trade payables (Refer Aging note no: 19)

			(Amoun	in Thousands)
	Non-curr	ent	Curren	t
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Trade payables				
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises - Total outstanding dues of creditors micro enterprises and small	250		·	•
enterprises-Related parties				
Total " A"	-	/-		
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and		1721	29	24
small enterprises - Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and			27	62
small enterprises- Related Parties			•	
Total " B"	_	-	29	86





ther income		ount in Thousands) 31-Mar-22
	31-Mar-23	31-War-22
terest income on		
Bank deposits	=	
Debeture and Bonds	1	0.3
Others*	=	1
covisions/Liability no longer required written back	=	2
et gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		106,352
ther non-operating income		-
	1	106,352
inance cost	(Amo	ount in Thousands)
mance cost	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
nterest cost	0.02	-
sterest on delayed statutory payments	**	· ·
ank charges	2-1	
and other pro-	0.02	-
other expenses	(Ame	ount in Thousands
пист охреносо	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
ates and taxes	5	549
egal and professional fees	5	180
rayelling and conveyance	10	12
ayment to auditors (refer details below)	29	24
rinting and stationery	1	0.04
ank charges	0	0.02
fiscellaneous expenses		-
	41	753
ayment to auditors		
s auditor:	15	10
Audit fee	14	14
Limited Review	29	24
ncome tax expenses in the statement of profit and loss consist of the following:	31-Mar-23	ount in Thousands 31-Mar-22
ax expenses	31-Wai -23	DI-IVIAI 2
Current tax	.	-
Deferred tax	-	-
Cotal taxes		
The tax expense can be reconcilied for the period to the accounting profit as follows:	(Am	ount in Thousands
lic tax expense can be reconcined for the period to the decompany	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2
Profit Before Tax	(39)	105,599
Applicable tax rate	26.00%	26.009
Computed tax expense	(10)	27,456
Deferred tax**	10	-27,450
At the effective income tax rate	-	

^{**}Deferred tax asset has not been recognized on brought forward losses as there is no probability/convincing or other evidence that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which DTA will be adjusted.

16 Earnings per share ['EPS']

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) for the year attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the parent (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential Equity shares into Equity shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Profit after tax attributable to shareholders of the parent (Amount in Thousands) Continuing operations (Amount in Thousands) Discontinued operations (Amount in Thousands)	(39)	105,595
Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the parent for basic/diluted earnings per share (Amount in Thousands)	(39)	105,595
Weighted average number of equity shares of Rs.10 each outstanding during the period used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share (No of Shares in units)	1,000,000	1,000,000
Earnings per share for continuing operations -Basic (Rs. in units)	(0.04)	105.59
Earnings per share for continuing operations Diluted (Rs. in units)	(0.04)	105.59



1 Corporate Information

Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited (CIN: U45201TZ2008PTC021770) domiciled in India and incorporated on 8th February 2008. The company is in the business of dealing in real estate, property development, estate agency to acquire by purchase, exchange, net or otherwise deal in lands, buildings or any estate or interest therein and any rights over or connected with lands so situated and laying out, developing land for industrial purpose, building and preparing sites by plauting, paving, drawing and by constructing offices, flats, service flats, hotels, warehouses, shopping and commercial complexes, by leasing, letting or renting, selling(by installments, ownership, hire purchase basis or otherwise or disposing of the same). The company's Holding company is GMR SEZ and Port Holding Limited and ultimate holding company is GMR Power and Urban Infra Limited/GMR Enterprises Private

The registered office of the company is located in Hosur in Tamilnadu, India.

Information on other related party relationships of the Company is provided in Note 17

The financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 27th April 2023

2 Significant accounting policies

A Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') (to the extent notified). The Ind AS are prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR).

B Summary of significant accounting policies

a) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IND AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

b) Current versus Non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- i) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current. A liability is current when it is:

- i) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- ii)It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- ii)It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii)It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv)There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

c Property, Plant and Equipments

Recognition:

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment shall be recognised as an asset if, and only if:

- (a) it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity; and
- (b) the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Fixed Assets are stated at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and cumulative impairment. Such cost includes the expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset are derecognised when replaced. Further, when each major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the item of property, plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

d) Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment

Depreciation on the Property plant and equipment is calculated on a straight-line basis using the rates arrived at, based on useful lives estimated by the management, which coincides

with the lives prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except for assets individually costing less than Rs. 5,000 which are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used. The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Depreciation charges for impaired assets is adjusted in future periods in such a manuer that revised carrying amount of the asset is allocated over its remaining useful life.

e) Investment propertie

Since there is no change in the functional currency, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its investment property as recognised in its Indian GAAP financial statements as deemed cost at the transition date, viz., 1st April 2015.

710

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Palace Road Bangalore-1 The cost includes the cost of replacing parts and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of the investment property are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is recognised using straight line method so as to write off the cost of investment property less their residual values over their useful lives specified in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, or in the case of assets where useful life was determined by technical evaluation, over the life so determined. Depreciation method is reviewed at each financial year end to reflect the expected pattern of consumption of the future benefits embodied in the investment property. Freehold land and properties under construction are not depreciated.

Though the Company measures investment property using cost based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined based on

an annual evaluation performed by an accredited external independent valuer applying a valuation model recommended by the International Valuation Standards Committee.

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal

The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

f) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Intangible assets include software and their useful lives are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

g) Amortisation of intaugible assets

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

Intangible assets like the Software licence are amortised over the useful life of 6 years as estimated by the management.

h) Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

i) Leases:

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Company as a lessee :

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

i) Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment.

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

II) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Company as a lossor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Contingent rentals are recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless either:

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss of a straight line data of the data of the lessors are not on that basis; or a another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of the user's benefit even if the payments to the lessors are not on that basis; or

b. the payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases. If payments to the lessor vary because of factors other than general inflation, then this condition is not met.



j) Inventories

Inventories are valued as follows:

Raw materials, components, stores and spares are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. However, materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis and includes all applicable costs in bringing goods to their present locations and condition.

k) Impairment of non-financial assets

As at the end of each accounting year, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its PPE, investment properties, intangible assets and investments in associates and joint ventures determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If such indication exists, the said assets are tested for impairment so as to determine the impairment loss, if any. Goodwill and the intangible assets with indefinite life are tested for impairment each year.

Impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is determined:

- (i) in case of an individual asset, at the higher of the net selling price and the value in use; and
- (ii) in case of a cash generating unit (a group of assets that generates identified, independent cash flows), at the higher of the cash generating unit's net selling price and the value in use.

(The amount of value in use is determined as the present value of estimated future cash flows from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. For this purpose, the discount rate (pre-tax) is determined based on the weighted average cost of capital of the company suitably adjusted for risks specified to the estimated cash flows of the asset).

For this purpose, a cash generating unit is ascertained as the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

If recoverable amount of an asset (or cash generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, such deficit is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of Profit and Loss as impairment loss and the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For this purpose, the impairment loss recognised in respect of a cash generating unit is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to such cash generating unit and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets of the cash generating unit on a pro-rata basis.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss is recognised for the asset (or cash generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

l) Provisions, Contingent liabilities, Contingent assets, and Commitments

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost."

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Commitments include the amount of purchase order (uet of advances) issued to parties for completion of assets

Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets and commitments are reviewed at each balance sheet date

m) Financial Intruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contract embodying the related financial instruments. All financial assets, financial liabilities and financial guarantee contracts are initially measured at transaction cost and where such values are different from the fair value, at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are immediately recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In case of interest free or concession loans/debentures/preference shares given to associates and joint ventures, the excess of the actual amount of the loan over initial measure at fair value is accounted as an equity investment.

Investment in equity instruments issued by associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less impairment.

Effective Interest Method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial instrument and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective

interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial instrument, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

a) Financial Assets

Financial Assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial Assets measured at fair value

"Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows or to sell these financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial asset not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income is carried at fair value through the statement of profit and loss.

Impairment of financial assets

"Loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised for financial assets measured at amortised cost and fair value through profit or loss.

For financial assets whose credit risk has not significantly increased since initial recognition, loss allowance equal to twelve months expected credit losses is recognised. Loss allowance equal to the lifetime expected credit losses is recognised if the credit risk on the financial instruments has significantly increased since initial recognition."

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De-recognition of financial assets

The Company de-recognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for de-recognition under Ind AS 109.

If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the assets and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay.

If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On de-recognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount measured at the date of de-recognition and the consideration received is recognised in statement of profit or loss.

For trade and other receivables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

b) Financial liabilities and equity intruments

Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument

Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method where the time value of money is significant. Interest bearing bank loans, overdrafts and issued debt are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the settlement or redemption of borrowings is recognised over the term of the borrowings in the statement of profit and loss.

For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

a. Financial Guarantee Contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee.

b. De-recognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Off-setting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

o) Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

The company measures manician institutions at the measurement date. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

i) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

"A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs"

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Palace Ros Bangalore-

Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period."

The Company determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and unquoted financial assets measured at fair value, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for distribution in discontinued operations. The Valuation Committee comprises of the head of the investment properties segment, heads of the Company's internal integers and acquisitions team, the head of the risk management department, financial controllers and chief finance officer.

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External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as properties and unquoted financial assets, and significant liabilities, such as contingent consideration. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. Valuers are normally rotated every three years.

At each reporting date, the Company analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Company verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant decompants.

The Company, in conjunction with the Company's external valuers, also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value.

Revenue recognition Under Ind AS 115 for companies where there is no contract with customer.

The Company applied Ind AS 115 for the first time from April 1, 2018. Ind AS 115 supersedes Ind AS 11 Construction Contracts and Ind AS 18 Revenue. Revenue is recognized on transfer of control of goods and services to the customer at the amount to which the company expects to be entitled. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Interest Income

"For all debt instruments measured either at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss.

Other interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable."

Dividends

"Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend."

a) Taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax.

Current Income Tax

"Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate."

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability model. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all the taxable temporary differences. In contrast, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax ('MAT') paid in accordance with the tax law in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax assets in balance sheet when the assets can be measured reliably and it is probable that future economic benefit associated with the assets will be realised.

r) Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") expenditure

The Company charges its CSR expenditure, if any, during the year to the statement of profit and loss





17 Related Party Disclosure

A) List of related parties

Enterprises that control the Company

GMR SEZ & Port Holdings Limited (GSPHL) (Holding Company)

GMR Power and Urban infra Limited (GPUIL)

GMR Enterprises Private Limited (GEPL)

Fellow Subsidiary Companies

Advika Properties Private Limited(Advika)

Amartya Properties Private Limited(APPL)
Aklima Properties Private Limited (Aklima)
Baruni Properties Private Limited (Baruni)

Camelia Properties Private Limited (CPPL)

Deepesh Properties Private Limited (DPPL)

Eila Properties Private Limited (EPPL)

Gerbera Properties Private Limited (GPPL)

Lakshmi Priya Properties Private Limited (LPPL)
Larkspur Properties Private Limited (LPPL)
Lantana Properties Private Limited (LPPL)
Honeysuckle Properties Private Limited (HPPL)

Idika Properties Private Limited (IPPL)

Krishnapriya Properties Private Limited (KPPPL)

Nadira Properties Private Limited (NPPL) Padmapriya Properties Private Limited (PPPPL)

Pranesh Properties Private Limited (Pranesh)

Prakalpa Properties Private Limited (Prakalpa)

Purnachandra Properties Private Limited (PPPL)

Radhapriya Properties Private Limited (RPPPL)

Shreyadita Properties Private Limited (SPPL)

Sreepa Properties Private Limited (Sreepa) GMR Generation Assets Limited (GGAL)

GMR Aerostructure services Limited (GASL)
GMR Krishnagiri SIR Limited (GKSIR)

Honeyflower Estates Private Limited (HFE)

Namitha Real Estates Private Limited (NREPL)

Suzone properties Private Limited (Suzone)

Lilliam Properties Private Limited (Lilliam)

GMR Utilities Private Limited (GUPL) Raxa Security Services Limited (RSSL)

East Godavari Power Distribution Company Private Limited(EGPDL)

Key Management Personnel

Mr.Purnachandra Rao G

Mr. K L Krishna Kumar

B) Summary of transactions with the above related parties is as follows:	(Amount in Thou	sands)
Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Loan taken from/(Refunded to):		
- Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL	(30)	(37,922)
Loan taken from:		
- Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL	110	1,300
Interest on Loan:-		
- Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL	0,02	U.S.
Other equity component of Loan		
- Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL	18	-
Long term Loan taken:	62	-
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHL	02	
Interest receivable on CCD:-	1	0.27
- Fellow subsidiary - GASL	-	0,2,
CCD invested to:		119,999
- Fellow subsidiary – GASL		117,777
Other expenses to :-		172
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHL		172
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
C) Outstanding Balances at the year-end:	31-War-23	51-W141-22
Particulars		
Equity Share Capital	10,000	10.000
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHL	10,000	10,000
Other equity component of Loan	10	
- Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL	18	
CCD invested to:	140.000	
- Fellow subsidiary – GASL	119,999	119,999
Interest Receivable on CCD :-		0.07
- Fellow subsidiary – GASL	1	0.27
Long term Loan taken from:		
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHL	62	
Creditors / payable		
- Fellow subsidiary Advika	-	-
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHL		62

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18 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. Company's senior management ensures that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. All derivative activities for risk management purposes are carried out by specialist teams that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. It is the Company's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes may be undertaken. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

A. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, and derivative financial instruments.

The sensitivity analyses in the following sections relate to the position as at 31 Mar 2023 and 31 March 2022.

The analyses exclude the impact of movements in market variables on: the carrying values of gratuity and other post-retirement obligations, provisions.

The following assumptions have been made in calculating the sensitivity analyses:

▶ The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 Mar 2023 and 31 March 2022.

B. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company does not have fluctuating interest rate borrowings, thus company does not have any interest rate risk.

C. Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company does not have exposure to foreign currency payable or receivable balances and hence it does not have any foreign currency risk.

D. Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash held with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposure to clients, including outstanding accounts receivable. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial assets. The objective of managing counterparty credit risk is to prevent losses in financial assets. The Company assesses the credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

E. Liquidity risk

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank deposits and loans.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments (including interest payments):-

(Amount in Thousands)

Particulars	On demand	Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Year ended March 31, 2023					
Borrowings		-	62		62
Trade and other payables		29			29
Other financial liabilities		-			_
Total	-	29	62		91
Year ended March 31, 2022					
Borrowings		-			-
Trade and other payables		86			86
Other financial liabilities		-			
Total	-	86	-	<u> ≃</u> :	86





Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited Standalone summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory Information for the Year Ended March 31, 2023

19 Note - (Refer Trade payable sch no: 11) New disclosures as per the requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Act

A Ageing schedule of trade payables

					(Amount in Thousands)
As at 31 March 2023		Outstanding from	the due date of pay	ment	Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Micro, small and medium exterprises					
Others	29				29
Disputed dues — MSME					
Disputed dues — Others					

					(Amount in Thousands)
As at 31 March 2022		Outstanding from th	e due date of paym	ent	Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Micro, small and medium exterprises	-	-	-	-	
Others	86	(10)	-		86
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-		
Disputed dues - Others					

- B Title deeds of Immovable Properties not held in name of the Company is NIL and not applicable
- C The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- D The Company does not have any transactions/ balances with companies struck off under section 248 of Companies Act, 2013 to the best of knowledge of Company's management.
- E The Company has not traded or invested funds in Crypto currency of Virtual currency.
- The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities(Funding Party) with the understating (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- H The Company has not declared wilful defaulter by any bank of financial institution of other lender.
- The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions) under Income Tax Act, 1961.





Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited Standalone summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Year Ended March 31, 2023

20 Note -Financial ratios

Datio	Measurement	Numerator	Denominator	As at	As at	Variance	Remarks
Nauo	unit			31 March 2023	31 March 2022 Ratio		
Current ratio		Current assets	Current liabilities	2.37	0.99	139%	Due to increase the borrowings during this year
Debt-equity ratio		Total debt [Non-current borrowings + Current borrowings]	Total equity	0.00	ì	i0/AlQ#	Note 1A below
Debt service coverage ratio		Earnings before depreciation and amortisation and interest [Earnings = Profit after tax + Depreciation and amortisation expense + Finance costs (excluding interest on lease liabilities)]	Interest expense (including capitalised) + Principal repayment (including prepayments)	(0.36)	2.78	-113%	Due to decrease the profit on sale of Land during this year
Return on equity ratio		Profit after tax	Average of total equity	(0.00)	1.57	-100%	Due to decrease the profit on sale of Land during this year
Inventory trimover ratio		Costs of materials consumed	Average inventories	.1	•		Note 1A below
Trade receivables tumover		Revenue from operations	Average trade receivables	E.	ı	3	Note 1A below
Trade payables turnover		Purchases	Average trade payables	ä		ī	Note 1A below
Net capital turnover ratio		Revenue from operations	Working capital Current assets - Current liabilities	ı	L	ľ	Note 1A below
Not profit ratio		Profit after tax	Revenue from operations	1	ī	r.	Note 1A below
Return on capital employed		Earnings before depreciation and amortisation, interest and tax [Earnings = Profit after tax + Tax expense + Depreciation and amortisation expense + Finance costs (excluding interest on lease inabilities).	Capital employed [Total assets - Current liabilities + Current borrowings]	(0.00)	0.88	-100%	Due to decrease the profit on sale of Land during this year
Return on investment		Interest income (Finance income)	Investment	00.00	00.00	%0	Note 1A below

Note 1

Reason for variation of more than 25%





Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited

Notes to financial statements for the Year Ended March 31, 2023

21 Where there is movement/ balance in financial activities in cash flow

Amendment to Ind AS 7

Effective April 1, 2017, the company adopted the amendment to Ind AS 7, which requires entities to provide disclosures that

(Amount in Thousands)

01-04-2022	Cash Flow	Non Cash	Changes	31-03-2023
		Fair Value Changes	Others	
121	80	(18)	0	62
-	-	-	-	
	01-04-2022		Fair Value Changes	Fair Value Others Changes





22 Capital Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maintain strong credit rating and heathy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and cash equivalents.

		(Amount	in Thousands)
		31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Borrowings		62	-
Trade payables (Notel 1)		29	86
Other payables (Note12)		www.Town	-
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note7)		(52)	(84)
Net debt	(i)	39	2
Share Capital		10,000	10,000
Other Equity		109,977	109,998
Total capital	(ii)	119,977	119,998
Capital and net debt	(iii= i+ii)	120,016	120,000
Gearing ratio (%)	(Viii)	0.03%	0.00%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the period.

23 Segment reporting

The Chief Operating Decision Maker reviews the operations of the Company primarily as a business of procurement of land, which is considered to be the only reportable segment by the management. Hence, there are no additional disclosures to be provided under IND AS 108 'Operating Segments'.

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account not provided for, net of advances Rs.NIL (Mar'22 - Rs.NIL).

25 Pending litigations

The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.

4502 High Point IV

45, Palace Road

Bangalore-1

26 Foresecable losses

The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses

There are no micro and small enterprises to which the company owes dues which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at March 31, 2023. This information, as required to be disclosed under the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006, has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the company.

28 Recent accounting pronouncements

'Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies and include corresponding amendments to IND AS 107 and IND AS 34. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the financial statements.

Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entitites distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its financial statements.

Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes - This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. Also there is corresponding amendment to IND AS 101. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its financial statement.

As per our report of even date

For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants Firm registration number: 000934S

B. Grish Rad Membership No:85745

Place : Hosu Date: 27th April'2023 For and on behalf of the board of directors Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited

Purnachandra Rao G Director

DIN: 01691531

K I. Krishna Kumar



2	Short	I No Short IC Code Company name Code	Transaction Description	GI Code	Main Head	Sub Head	IC_ELIM/ PLUG BPC IGAAR GL	BPC IGALP GL	IGAAP Amount	BPC IND AS GL	Ind AS adjustment Amount		Total (IGAAP + IND AS Adjustments)
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	Transaction Description	GL Code	Main Head	Sub Head	IC_EUM/ PLUG	ושכ פו	IGAAP Amount	IGAAP Amount BPC IND AS GL	Equity Component of related party loans / debenburg Pri Share leartholine DX1.1	DPC IND AS GL	DTL/ DTA (DTL on equity component)	TRC IND AS GL OTL/ OTA (OTL OTL OTL OTL OTL OTL OTL OTL OTL OTL	otal (IGAAP + IND AS Adjustments)
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Total (IGAAP +
IND AS
Adjustments) Investment in Equity SPC GL portion of preference share/ debenture/ Loans BPC IND AS GL Ind AS adjustment Amount BPC IND AS GL DPC IND AS GL 1GAAP Amount IGAAP Amount IC_EUM/ PLUG K_EUM/PUUG Main Head High Point IV (45, Palace Road, 18) Investment in group company (including equity components of loans/ debenture/ pref share/ financial guarantee) Si No Short iC Code Company name SI No Short IC Code Company name For Girsh Murthy & Kamar Chartered Accountants Firm registration number "0000 B. Girsh Rae Partner Mem No. 85745 SI No Short IC Code 1. Right of Use (Lease Assets) Place: Oute:

Relaine d'arry Transaction Detalls for the You ended March 31, 2023 Poull & Loos Bougalowilles Protective Private Limited Company Code E2014

1115 Color	-	IC Code Company name	Transaction Description	GL Code	Main Head	Sub Head	IC_CLIM/ PLUG	BPC IGAAP GL	IGAAP Amount	Provisional	Reimbursement	BPC IND AS GL	Ind AS adjustment	AS Adjustments)	3		
Transaction Description Concession Description CL Code Math Nead Sale Need C_LODA Annoone Province Recommendate Recommendate	Code	had a notation of anning Common Common	Interest income on CCD	010010000	Other income	Interest income on debentures	ELIMITYP21	420200122-INP	1199.39					1,199.99			
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Transection benefician GL Code label head San lead of Class Professional Control Code India head San lead of Class Professional Code India head San lead of Class India hea	Expense (Including Divid	end paid)	22														
Check conclusion of the selected control of the select	Si No Short IC Code	Company name	Transaction Description	GL Code	Main Head	Sub Head	IC_ELM/ PUUG	BPC IGAAP GL	IGAAP Amount				Ind AS adjustment Amount		BPC GL	DTU DTA	38
Comparison Com			The state of the s	SPETOTAGE	Other consesses	Legal and professional	FLIMTYPI6							•			
Capitalised under (to be selected of a code Nature of Experses Sub-Nead Communication	CSPHL	GAMR SEZ & Port Holdings Umited	Interest on loan	844540000	4 Finance costs	Interest on loan/ICD	FLIMTYPIS	\$10108111.NP			in	OLUTION	22				1
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THE COOR Company name Coopulated used to be selected GL Code Nature of Experiment Table Name of	Expenses / income capita	ilsed to CWIP / FA / Other Intangible assets												d s			
The factors in the fa		e Company name	Capitalised under (to be selected	GL Code	Nature of Expense	Sub Head	IC_EUM/ PLUG	BPC IGAAP GL	IGAAP Amount				Ind AS adjustment Amount	Total (IGAAP +			
High Point IV A Palace Road, Response from the state of torcing and the																	
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High Point IV THE Road, S. Palace Road, S. Pal	1,000	/	THYRY											1/2	OPER	/	
R*SIND R*SIND	Place:	(15)	4502, VAIC											EAD	O	· al	
		10×CI/N	yh Point IV Salace Road, Salace Road, Salace Road, Salace Road, Salace angalore-1											77INNIYE	2	VV. LE	

SI No	Short	IC Code	Company name	Transaction Description	Amount
r	COPHI	1 56121	GMR SEZ & Port Holdings Umitted	Loan taken	1,10,000
٦	CSPHE	1 56121	GMR SEZ & Port Holdings Limited	Loan Refunded	30,000
m	GASI	1 E1150	GMR Aprochacture Services Limited	Investment in CCD	•
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Place : Hosur Onte: 27-04-2023

